


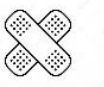




Support during and after transition to adulthood – The Netherlands (1)

	Before 18	After 18 With residence permit	After 18 Without residence permit
  	<input type="checkbox"/> Guardian Nidos <input type="checkbox"/> Reception and daily care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – in reception families Nidos (15-) – in small scale reception Nidos/ contracted parties (15+ with permit) – in COA reception for unaccompanied children (15+ no permit) 	By local government <input type="checkbox"/> Independent housing <input type="checkbox"/> Practical support <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – intensity and duration differ and depends on local policy <input type="checkbox"/> Income supplement if necessary <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – amount varies and depends on local policy <input type="checkbox"/> Preparation period at 17,5 years and warm transfer at 18 years	By COA <input type="checkbox"/> Adult reception centre <input type="checkbox"/> Casemanagement òr When asylum procedure is not granted: lose right to reception, social services and education
		Regular care system	Asylum care system - if going through asylum procedure Only emergency care - if asylum procedure is not granted
 		Regular education and work	No new education No work

Support during and after transition to adulthood – The Netherlands (2)

of unaccompanied children turn 18:

2019: **1643** children

2020: **1259** children

2021: **714** children (till now)



24 is the average age of a young Dutch adult when leaving the parental house



Dutch children in foster care or family-care homes can stay till the age of 21

Support during and after transition to adulthood – The Netherlands (3)

Overall

- There is a lot of change in the facilities they can use, when unaccompanied children turn 18
- By law they are 18 years old and officially mature
- They can't fall back on the same possibilities like most young Dutch people can, while they may even need it more

Current development about the unaccompanied children with permit

- Local government experience challenges in fulfilling the responsibility at the age of 18
- A national working group investigates various solutions, based on a parliamentary motion
- National Ombudsman and Ombudsman for Children investigate the transition to adulthood of unaccompanied children

⇒ **Nidos proposes continued reception and support up to the age of 21**