



Netherlands National NCP Conference

Migration agendas in the Netherlands and
Europe

31-05-2018
The Hague, Europe House



- Welcome -

Hans Faber

Deputy General Director
Repatriation and Departure Service



- Welcome -

Andreas Zenthöfer

Europe House



- Opening speech -

Annemieke van Dam

Director Strategy and
Implementation Advice Department



International Panel on National Migration Agendas

Isabelle Swerissen &
Christelle Caporali-Petit



- Presentation National Migration Agenda - The Netherlands

Isabelle Swerissen
Ministry of Justice and Security



Ministry of Justice and Security

Comprehensive agenda on migration

European Migration
Network

Isabelle Swerissen
31 May 2018

Background

- Lesson from the high influx in 2015 and 2016:

“Measures relating to migration cannot be seen in isolation and [...]” require action at all levels and at different points, in cooperation with all relevant actors.”



Dutch agenda: one central idea

- Definition of comprehensive: *“including or dealing with all or nearly all elements or aspects of something.”*
- *“Migration is a dynamic, multifaceted and complex issue [...] that has prompted the government to opt for a wide-ranging, comprehensive approach.”*



Dutch agenda: three underlying principles

1. Thematic: actions in different areas cannot be seen in isolation.
2. Geographic: it is essential to take action at every point of the migration route.
3. Actoral: All relevant actors are required to work together, at different levels.



Dutch agenda: six pillars of action

1. Preventing irregular migration
2. Improving reception and protection for refugees and displaced persons in the region
3. Achieving a robust asylum system, based on solidarity, in the EU and the Netherlands
4. Combatting illegal residence and stepping up returns
5. Promoting legal migration routes
6. Encouraging integration and participation

Migration

Six-pillar agenda

Region



1. Preventing irregular migration



2. Improving reception and protection for refugees and displaced persons in the region



5. Promoting legal migration routes

Europe



3. Achieving a robust asylum system, based on solidarity, in the EU and the Netherlands

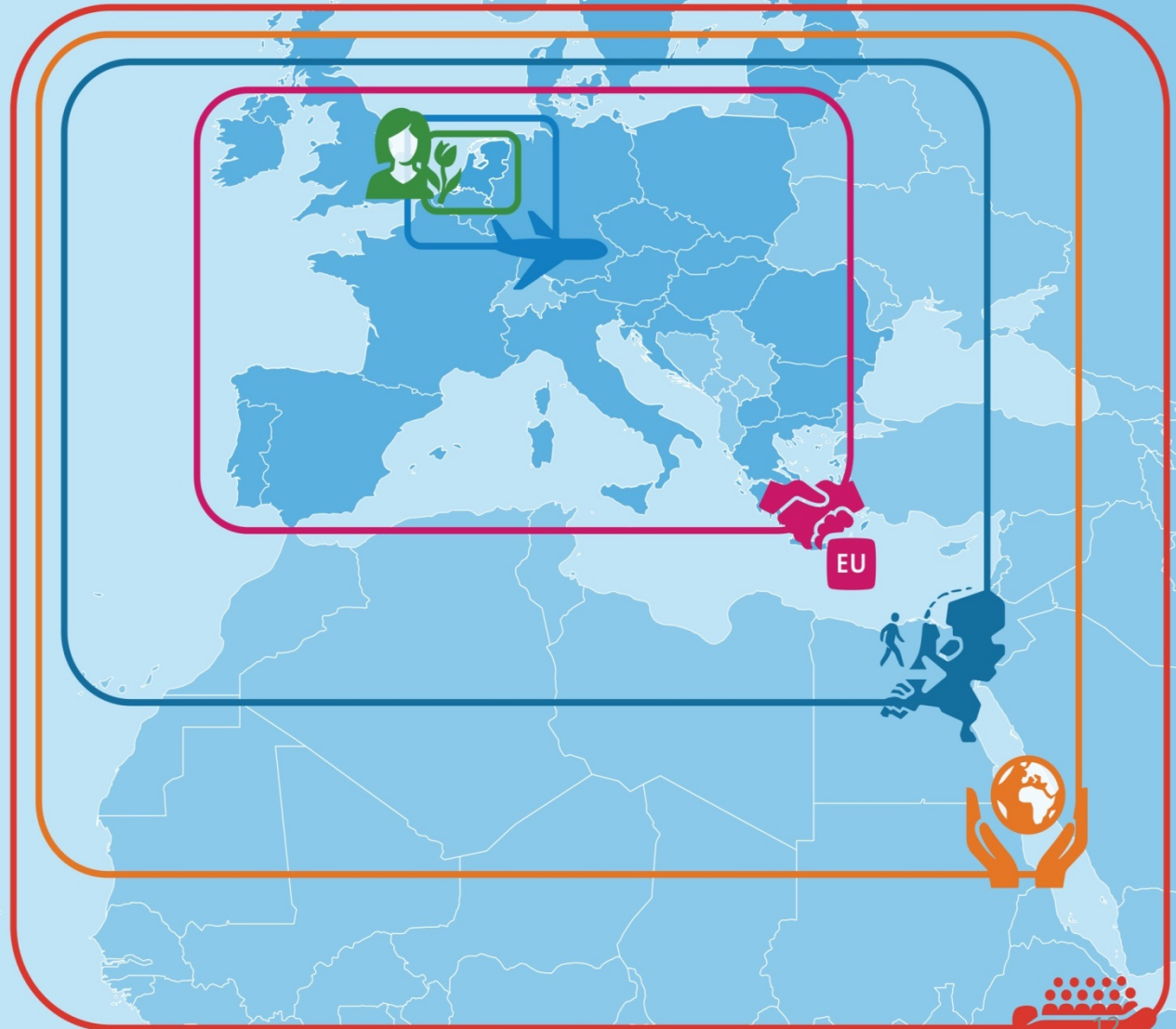
Netherlands



4. Combating illegal residence and stepping up returns



6. Encouraging integration and participation



European agenda on migration

- Short term priorities to respond to the crisis situation in the Mediterranean
- Medium to long term priorities to better manage migration in all its aspects



European agenda: medium to long term

1. Reducing the incentives for irregular migration
2. Border management: saving lives and securing external borders
3. Europe's duty to protect: a strong common asylum policy
4. A new policy on legal migration

New York Declaration for Refugees and Migrants

- Global Compact on Refugees
- Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration



Global Compacts: goals and objectives

- Refugee compact
 - An improved system of burden- and responsibility-sharing
 - Strengthened national protection systems and response capacities
 - Enhanced socio-economic conditions for refugees and host communities
 - Greater efforts to resolve protracted refugee situations
- Migration compact
 - 22 objectives to be fulfilled through numerous actionable commitments



- Presentation National Migration Agenda -
France

Christelle Caporali-Petit

EMN France

National migration agenda of France

31 May 2018

FR EMN NCP

Christelle Caporali-Petit, Coordinator of the French EMN National Contact Point

1. General overview of the migration agenda in France

Action plan of 12 July 2017 to guarantee a managed and balanced migration policy

- ✓ Improved management of migratory flows at the European and international level
- ✓ Improved processing of asylum applications and reception conditions
- ✓ Effective combat against irregular migration
- ✓ Reform of the integration policy
- ✓ Attraction of foreign talents and competencies

Main orientations for 2018

- ✓ Support of legal TCNs through the implementation of integration pathways and promotion of vocational integration
- ✓ Support of refugees through financing temporary accommodation centers and implementing innovative projects for a global support towards employment and accommodation
- ✓ Evaluation of the reception and integration policy

1. General overview of the migration agenda in France

Main achievements (May 2017-May 2018)

- ✓ Cooperation with Albania on irregular migration
- ✓ French participation in the European Border and Coast Guard Agency (Frontex) and EASO
- ✓ Increased means for reception of asylum seekers and processing of asylum applications
- ✓ Additional accommodation places for asylum seekers
- ✓ Enforcement of the law for a proper application of the European Asylum System (February 2018)

Statistics

- ✓ 262,000 first residence permits issued in 2017 – temporary data (vs 230,000 in 2016 / +13,7%)

2. National short-term priorities

Draft law for a managed migration and an effective asylum right

- ✓ Main objectives
- ✓ Discussions within the French National Assembly (April)
- ✓ Next step: discussions with the Senate (June)

Increase in the number of accommodation places for asylum seekers at the national level

Reform of the reception and integration policy

- ✓ Findings of the report drafted by Mr Taché
- ✓ Organisation of an interministerial committee for integration on 7 June
- ✓ Appointment of an interministerial delegate in charge of reception and integration of refugees

3. Relations between the French and the EU migration agenda

✳️ **Management of migratory flows and cooperation with third countries to fight trafficking in human beings**

- ✓ Appointment of an Ambassador in charge of migration (list of priority countries)
- ✓ Participation in the EU – African Union conference
- ✓ Discussions regarding the support of transit and third countries in the fight THB
- ✓ Participation in the Rabat and Khartoum process

✳️ **Improved efficiency of return and readmission policy**

- ✓ Development of readmission agreements
- ✓ Change in the detention legal system and increase of detention places

3. Relations between French and EU migration agenda

Joint management of the asylum policy at the EU level

- ✓ Support to Frontex and EASO
- ✓ Law for a proper application of the European Asylum System (February 2018)
- ✓ Joint cooperation with DE, IT and ES to progress on the Common European Asylum System negotiations

Global migration approach for the management of the Mediterranean crisis

- ✓ Resettlement programmes
- ✓ Protection missions in Niger and Chad

- Thank you for your attention !



Questions and Discussion

National Migration Agendas

Isabelle Swerissen &
Christelle Caporali-Petit



10-year anniversary video

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RNI3a0mTScY>



Coffee break

Please, enjoy a cup of coffee/tea



Towards more coherence in the European and national migration policies: repairing deficits and trust

31 May 2018

National EMN Conference, The Hague
Evelien Brouwer



IS VERDER KIJKEN

CONTENT

- Common European Asylum System
 - Where are we now?
 - What is ahead of us?
- ‘In whom (or what) we trust?’
- Towards Coherence and Shared Responsibility

CEAS: WHERE ARE WE NOW?

- 2011: CJEU & ECtHR:
 - rebuttal of trust,
 - stop Dublin transfers to Greece
- CEAS and 'migration crisis':
 - over one million sea arrivals in 2015-2016;
 - poor/inhuman reception/detention conditions external borders;
 - (partial) failure of EU relocation schemes 2015 (pending infringement procedures *Cion v Czech Republic, Hungary and Poland*), and;
- reintroduction of temporary (and not so temporary) internal border checks in Schengen area.

CEAS: WHERE ARE WE NOW? (II)

- Since EU-Turkey ‘Statement’, March 2016:
 - decreasing number of arrivals in Greece, but;
 - still high number of border deaths (Europe: 2016: 5.100; 2017: 3.100; 2018 (until 28 May): 628), IOM/UNHCR)
 - in 2018: new increase of arrivals at Central- and Western Mediterranean borders, and;
 - few returns to Turkey.

CEAS: WHAT IS AHEAD OF US?

- CEAS reform
 - Recast proposals Reception, Qualification, and Procedures: more or towards lowest level of harmonisation?
 - Dublin IV: prevention of secondary movement, automatic corrective mechanism;
 - Resettlement -> voluntary basis?
- Emphasis border control: securitarisation and data processing:
 - new large-scale databases (Entry Exit System, ETIAS, ECRIS-TCN);
 - access law enforcement authorities and third countries (VIS, Eurodac, EES, etc);
 - use of profiling and biometrics.

CEAS: WHAT IS AHEAD OF US? (II)

- Borders and extended role for agencies:
 - European Border and Coast Guard (EBCG);
 - European Asylum Support Office;
 - euLISA;
- Effective and transparent use of EU funds?
 - EU Trust Funds; European Development Fund; Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund; Emergency Fund; Internal Security Fund ...
 - Multiplication of budget of EBCG (from 6 million in 2005 to 320 million €
 - in 2018, current staff 510, in 2020: 10.000?)
 - Increasing budget of border and security surveillance: 2020: 6,3 billion €
- Third state agreements: EU-Turkey Statement: setting the example?

MUTUAL TRUST: OBJECTS AND ACTORS

- **Different objects of ‘trust’:**
 - CEAS & Dublin: level of reception, qualification, and procedural law
 - Dublin: decision-making on responsibility and inadmissibility of claims
 - Schengen and free movement: external border controls, SISII & entry bans; visa decisions
 - Large-scale databases: accuracy, legality and proportionality of (storage and use) of personal data
- **Different actors of ‘trust’ -> variable geometry:**
 - EU (28); Schengen (26); Dublin (32) ...
 - Position of non-EU States: Switzerland’, Norway, Iceland: role of CJEU and CFR?
 - Opt in/opt out clauses (UK, Ireland, Denmark)
 - Brexit ...

COHERENCE AND SHARED RESPONSIBILITY

Necessity of coherent approach based on **EU principles of sincere cooperation and solidarity** (4 (3) TEU and 80 TFEU)

-> Cherries and Bitter Pills: free movement and 'rights' within EU, based on solidarity and responsibility to protect those outside;

-> Carrots and Sticks: no 'free-rider EU membership';

-> Truth and Trust: no fact-free and/or fear-based policies.

COHERENCE AND SHARED RESPONSIBILITY (II)

- High level of harmonisation of asylum laws
 - infringement procedures by Commission (258 TFEU)
 - rule of law and ‘peer review’ mechanisms;
 - EU Scoreboard on Justice
 - Schengen evaluation;
- Cooperation and exchange of information between MS
- Role of EU Agencies:
 - training, coordination, and;
 - slowly towards Europeanisation of asylum procedures (while repairing deficits of accountability and control)?

Thank you!

e.r.brouwer@vu.nl

www.acmrl.org

<http://ceaseval.eu/>



- Dialogue on facilitating legal migration in the battle for talent -

Hein Verweij

Irlan Agous

Bart Oomen

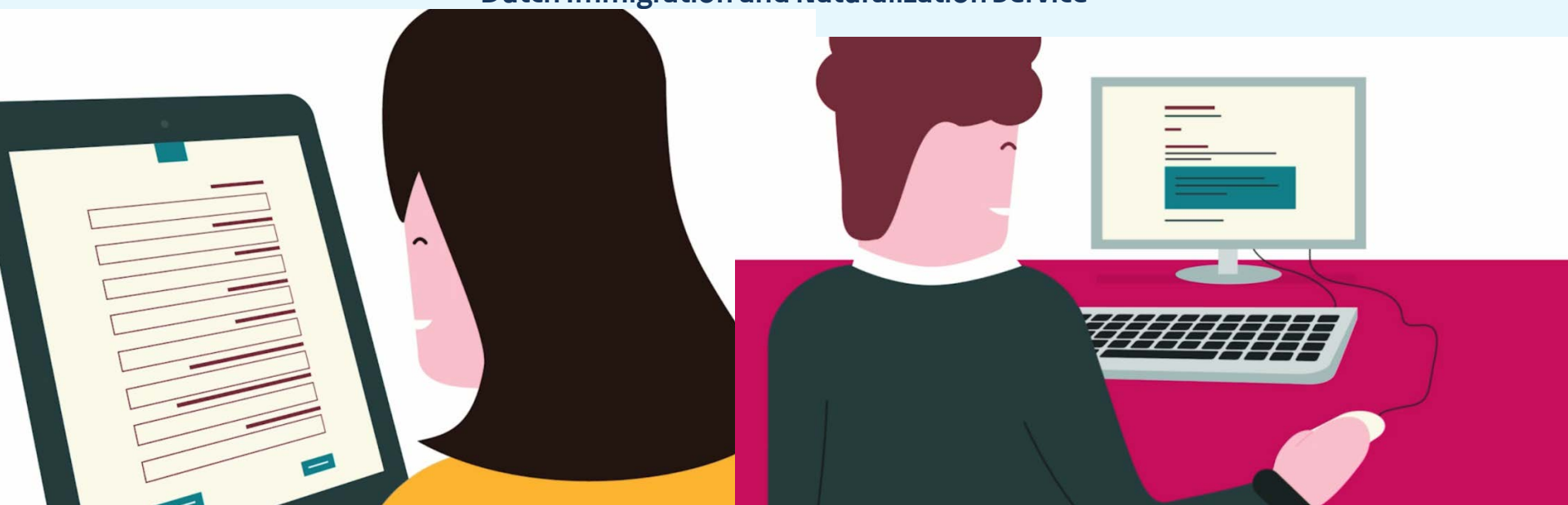


Immigratie- en Naturalisatiedienst
Ministerie van Veiligheid en Justitie

Battle for Talent: Dutch Integrated Approach

Irlan Agous
Bart Oomen

Programme E-services
Dutch Immigration and Naturalization Service



Content

1. Legal migration
2. Modern Migration Policy
3. Facilitating by programme E-services
4. Future of decision process
5. Discussion



Legal Migration

Purpose of residence

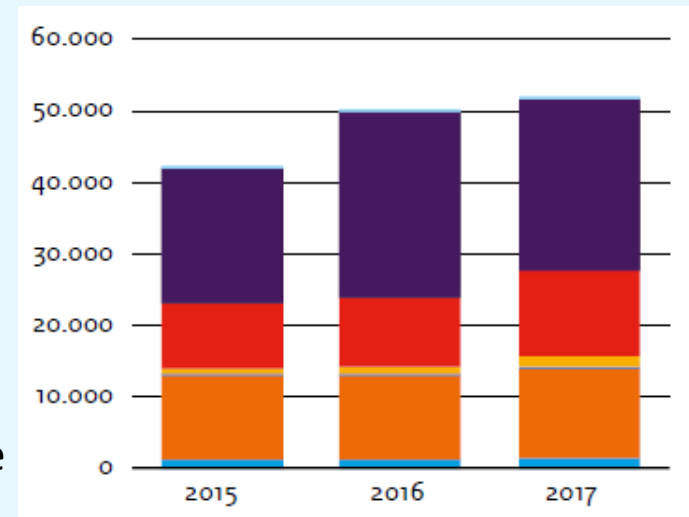
- Highly skilled migrants and researchers
 - Students
 - Cultural exchange
 - Labor migration
 - Family reunification
-
- Total 2017: 247k applications (including Dutch citizenship, extensions, etc.)



Modern Migration Policy

- Inviting policy for **talent**
- **Simplified** system of residence permits
- More **responsibility** for recognized sponsors
- Low administrative **costs**

→ More effective, fast and manageable procedure



	2016	2017	% verschil
Uitwisseling	1.150	1.470	↑28%
Studie	11.770	12.460	↑6%
Arbeid tijdelijk	270	250	↓7%
Arbeid regulier	920	1.610	↑75%
Kennis & Talent	9.690	11.850	↑22%

Recognized Sponsor

Services

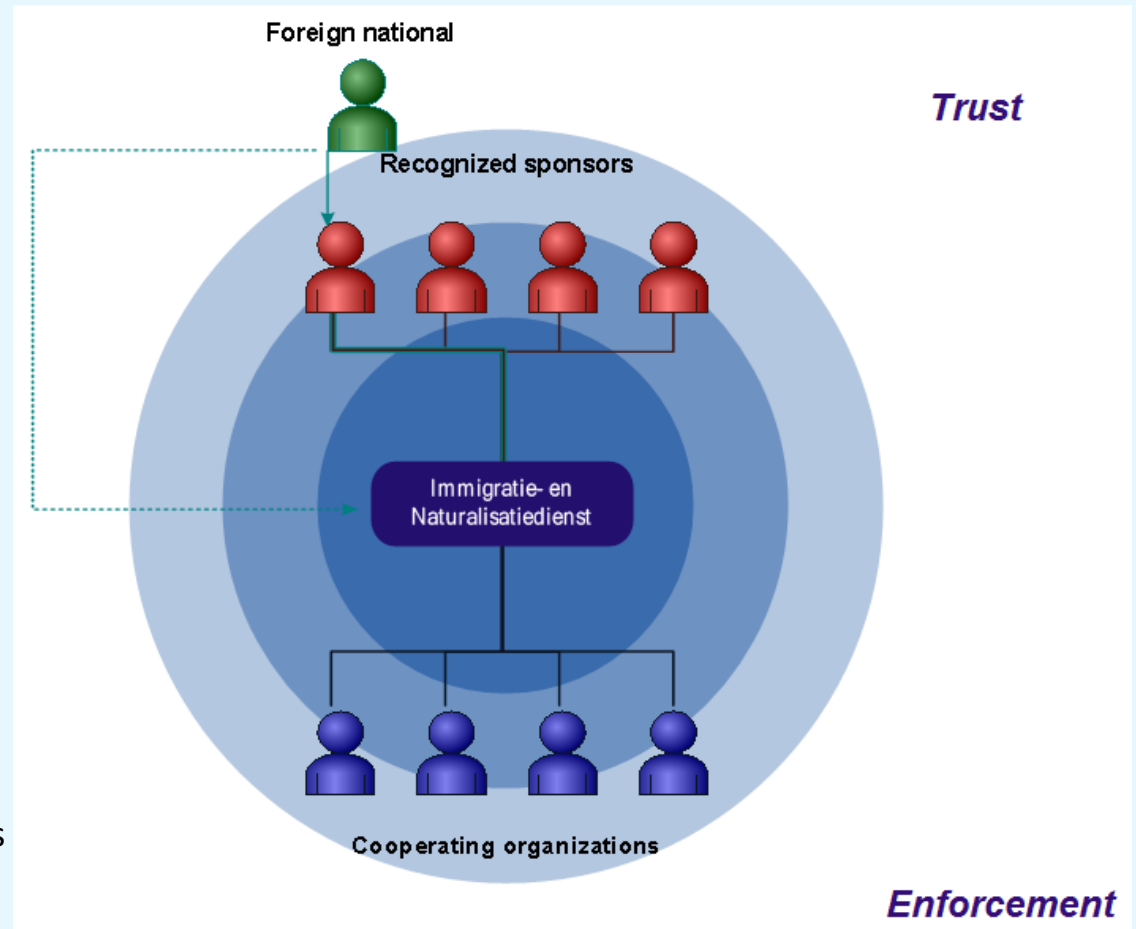
- E-portal for **e-transactions**
- **Fast lane**: decision in 2 weeks
- Account management
- Statement of compliance
- Post hoc control

Responsibilities

- Assessment
- Information
- Administration
- Care

Enforcement

- Repeal permit
- Repeal sponsorship
- Impose fines
- **Data** from cooperating organizations



Programme E-services

Goals

- **Customer** benefits: quicker and simpler, the customer gets the amount of attention he needs
- **Organizational** benefits: less incomplete and incorrect applications, less processing time, more effective deployment of staff, more efficient process



Results so far

- 100.000 digital applications
- Adoption of 60% by recognized sponsors
- Demonstrably faster and better quality decision making

E-portal for recognized sponsors



Immigratie- en Naturalisatiedienst
Ministerie van Veiligheid en Justitie

NL -



Menu

IND Portaal



Vincent de Waal



Contact

Portaal erkend referenten

Welkom op het portaal voor erkende referenten. Onderstaand ziet u een overzicht van de diensten die wij op dit moment aanbieden. Dus klikken maar!!!



Een nieuwe **aanvraag indienen**



De status van uw **lopende aanvragen** inzien



Account informatie bekijken en wijzigen



Overzicht **Vergunninghouders**



Uw **dossierstukken** van de IND

de Immigratie- en Naturalisatiedienst (IND)

Ontwikkelt digitale diensten die eenvoudiger, duidelijker en sneller zijn in gebruik.



Digitale aanvraag

Verblijfsdocument kennismigrant en meereizende gezinsleden

Hoofdaanvrager

Persoonsgegevens van Jack Daniels

Om welke procedure gaat het?

- TEV
- Vr zonder mvv

▶ [Welke procedure moet ik kiezen?](#)

V-nummer (indien bekend)

Challenges

1. Balancing integrated approach between **service** and **enforcement**
2. How far do you want to go with **digitalization**?
3. Great impact of the **business change**: culture, support, skills, funds, etc.



- Closing remarks -

Jan-Kees Goet

Director-General Migration Affairs
Ministry of Justice and Security



Thank you for your participation

Please enjoy a conversation and a
drink till - 17.45 -